

# The Hongkong Telegraph

ESTABLISHED 1861.

NEW SERIES NO. 148

日八月八年一十二精光

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 26, 1895.

四拜禮 號六廿月九英港香

THIRTY DOLLARS  
PER ANNUM.

**Banks.**  
THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.  
AUTORISED CAPITAL ..... £1,500,000  
SUBSCRIBED ..... £1,145,000  
PAID-UP ..... £685,500

BANKERS:  
LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK, LIMITED.  
INTEREST ALLOWED on CURRENT ACCOUNTS at the Rate of 2 per cent. per annum on the Daily Balance.

On New FIXED Deposits—  
For 12 Months ..... 4 per cent.

" " 3 " 3 "

DEPOSIT RENEWED on OLD TERMS.

JOHN THURBURN,  
Manager, Hongkong.

Hongkong, 2nd August, 1895.

THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER, 1853.  
HEAD OFFICE—LONDON.

CAPITAL PAID-UP ..... £600,000  
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHARE-HOLDERS ..... £600,000  
RESERVE FUND ..... £25,000

INTEREST ALLOWED on CURRENT ACCOUNT at the Rate of 2 per cent. per annum on the Daily Balance.

On Fixed Deposits for 12 months—4 per cent.

" " 3 " 3 "

" " 2 " 2 "

T. H. WHITEHEAD,  
Manager, Hongkong.

Hongkong, 16th September, 1895.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL ..... \$10,000,000  
RESERVE FUND ..... \$5,000,000  
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS ..... \$10,000,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS:  
J. KRAMER, Esq.—Chairman.  
A. McCONNELL, Esq.—Deputy Chairman.  
Hon. J. Bell-Irving, S. C. Michelson, Esq.  
G. B. Dowl, Esq. D. R. Stewson, Esq.  
M. D. Eckel, Esq. N. A. Siebs, Esq.  
R. M. Gray, Esq.

CHIEF MANAGER:  
Hongkong—T. JACKSON, Esq.  
MANAGER:  
Shanghai—H. M. BEVIS, Esq.  
LONDON BANKERS—LONDON AND COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, LIMITED.

HONGKONG—INTEREST ALLOWED on Current Account at the rate of a per cent. per annum on the daily balance.

INTEREST OF FIXED DEPOSITS:  
For 3 months, 2 per cent. per annum.  
For 6 months, 3 per cent. per annum.  
For 12 months, 4 per cent. per annum.

T. JACKSON,  
Chief Manager.

Hongkong, 24th September, 1895.

HONGKONG SAVINGS BANK.

THE Business of the above Bank is conducted by the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION. Rules may be obtained on application.

INTEREST on deposits is allowed at 3½ PER CENT. per annum.

Depositors may transfer at their option balances of \$100 or more to the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANK to be placed on FIXED DEPOSIT at 4 PER CENT. per annum.

For the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION,  
T. JACKSON,  
Chief Manager.

Hongkong, 1st August, 1895.

THE NATIONAL BANK OF CHINA, LIMITED.

Authorised Capital ..... £1,000,000  
Subscribed Capital ..... £500,000

HEAD OFFICE—HONGKONG.

Court of Directors—  
D. Gillies, Esq. Chow Tung Shang, Esq.  
H. Stoltzer, Esq. Kwan Ho Chuen, Esq.  
Chan Kit Shan, Esq. Chief Manager,  
GEO. W. F. PLAYFAIR.

Interest for 12 months Fixed, 5 per cent.  
Hongkong, 23rd October, 1895.

Amusements.

VICTORIA RECREATION CLUB.

THE ANNUAL AQUATIC SPORTS will be held at the BATH HOUSE of the above CLUB TO-MORROW and SATURDAY, the 27th and 28th instant at 4 P.M. on both days.

Admission for Non-Members, 10 Cents each day.

Tickets obtainable from the CLUB STEWARD, Hongkong, 20th September, 1895.

MASONIC.

ZETLAND LODGE  
No. 125, E.C.

A REGULAR MEETING of the above LODGE will be held in the FREEMASONS' HALL, Zetland Street, on TUESDAY, the 1st October, at 8.30 p.m. precisely. Visiting Brethren are cordially invited to attend.

Hongkong, 23rd September, 1895.

D. NOMA,  
PROFESSIONAL TATTOOER,  
(FROM JAPAN).

I am now prepared to execute TATTOOING in newly-invented colours, viz., GREEN, YELLOW, PURPLE, &c. Gentlemen desiring to be TATTOOED in their Residences will please send orders to the Underaged who will promptly attend to same—

D. NOMA,  
No. 14, QUEEN'S ROAD, EAST.  
Hongkong, 23rd September, 1895.



## Intimations.

BELL'S ASBESTOS EASTERN AGENCY, LIMITED.

Sole Eastern Agents for SPINDLER & CO's ARMoured HOSE, "SNOWDRIFT" SNOWDON, SONS & CO.

Agents for THE NEW WIRE WOVE ROOFING CO.

THE ALUMINUM & GENERAL FOUNDRY CO.

15, Queen's Road Central.

15, Queen's Road Central

# THE HONGKONG TELEGRAPH, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 26, 1895.

Intimations.

A. S. WATSON & CO.  
LIMITED.

VEGETABLE AND FLOWER  
SEEDS.

SEASON 1895-96.

**GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATION.**  
It is hereby notified that, in the absence of further Ralifall, on and after TUESDAY, the 27th proximo, the SUPPLY OF WATER will only be TURNED ON in the Public Mains during the following hours:—

In the CITY of VICTORIA before CAINE ROAD, from 6 A.M. to 10 A.M.  
In SEYMOUR ROAD, South side of ROBINSON ROAD and South side of UPPER RICHMOND ROAD, from 6 A.M. to 8 A.M.  
In North side of ROBINSON ROAD, North side of UPPER RICHMOND ROAD and in LOWER RICHMOND ROAD, from 6 A.M. to 8 A.M.  
In QUEEN'S GARDENS, from 6 A.M. to 7 A.M.  
In the PEAK ROAD above QUEEN'S GARDENS, from 7 to 8 A.M. and  
In the PEAK ROAD below QUEEN'S GARDENS, from 8 to 9 A.M.

FRANCIS A. COOPER,  
Water Authority,  
Hongkong, 24th September, 1895. [1315]

**CANTON INSURANCE OFFICE, LIMITED.**

**NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.**  
THE FOURTEENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS will be held at the OFFICES of the Undersigned at 12 o'clock (NOON) on SATURDAY, the 27th proximo.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 6th to the 10th proximo, both days inclusive.

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., General Agents, CANTON INSURANCE OFFICE, LTD. Hongkong, 26th September, 1895. [1312]

**THE CHINA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.**

**NOTICE.**  
I HAVE THIS DAY RESUMED CHARGE,  
JAS. B. COUGHTRIE,  
Secretary.  
Hongkong, 26th September, 1895. [1314]

**OCEAN STEAMS'UP COMPANY.**  
FOR LONDON VIA SUEZ CANAL.  
THE Company's Steamship.

"IXION,"  
Captain Nish, will be despatched as above on SATURDAY, the 28th instant, at Daylight.  
For Freight or Passage apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,  
Agents.  
Hongkong, 26th September, 1895. [1320]

**THE CHINA AND MANILA STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.**

FOR MANILA, VIA AMOY.  
THE Company's Steamship.

"ESMERALDA,"  
Captain G. A. Taylor, will be despatched for the above Port on SATURDAY, the 28th instant, at 5 P.M.

This Steamer has Superior Accommodation for Passengers and is fitted with the Electric Light.

For Freight or Passage, apply to SHEWAN & Co., General Managers.  
Hongkong, 26th September, 1895. [1313]

**DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.**

FOR SWATOW, AMOY AND FOOCHOW.  
THE Company's Steamship.

"NAMOA,"  
Captain Hodgins, will be despatched for the above Ports on SUNDAY, the 29th instant, at Daylight, and not as previously advertised.

For Freight or Passage, apply to DOUGLAS L. P. & Co., General Managers.  
Hongkong, 26th September, 1895. [1310]

**CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.**

FOR TIENTSIN.  
"NANCHANG,"  
Captain Finlayson, will be despatched on THURSDAY, the 3rd October.  
For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,  
Agents.  
Hongkong, 26th September, 1895. [1316]

**BROWN, JONES & CO.**

DEALERS IN  
ITALIAN AND AMERICAN MARBLE AND  
HONGKONG GRANITE CEMETERY  
MEMORIALS.

LETTERS CUT AND FILLED WITH IMPERISHABLE  
LEAD CEMENT.

**Intimations.**

**DAKIN, CRUICKSHANK & COMPANY, LIMITED,**  
VICTORIA DISPENSARY,  
HONGKONG.

**AERATED WATERS.**

SIMPLE AERATED WATER.  
SODA WATER.

Lemonade.

GINGER ALE.

SARSAPARILLA.

RASPBERRYADE, &c.

DAKIN, CRUICKSHANK & Co.'s WATERS are made under the constant supervision of a duly qualified English Chemist and will bear comparison with the best English Manufactures.

Special terms to HOTELS, CLUBS, RESTAURANTS and other Large Consumers.

Any complaints should be addressed to the Manager,  
Hongkong, 3rd May, 1895. [1317]

## Intimations.

A. S. WATSON & CO.  
LIMITED.

VEGETABLE AND FLOWER  
SEEDS.

SEASON 1895-96.

Our First Supplies of these best Quality Seeds have arrived, and Orders will be executed in the sequence in which they are received as long as the supply lasts.

S E E D S . I S T S .  
with  
HINTS FOR GARDENING

have been issued and can be obtained on application.

Our Seeds are all tested before being put up in LONDON:

They are packed under our own Supervision, and the greatest care is exercised to insure protection in transit.

Sowings should be made in FINE WEATHER ONLY and the remainder of the packets accrued from damp, and kept in a dry place for repeat sowings.

CLAY'S FERTILIZER.

A high-class Fertilizer for Pot Plants and for the Garden generally.

It supplies natural nourishment to the soil, and assists the process of assimilation, thereby aiding the Plants to attain to their full size, vigour and beauty.

Sold in Tins containing 10 lbs. each.....\$1.75;  
" " 28 lbs. " .....\$4.50.

Directions for use are given on the Label.

RANSOME'S "NEW PARIS"  
LAWN MOWERS.

The Best and Cheapest Machines in the Market, For Sale at Manufacturers' Prices.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.  
THE HONGKONG DISPENSARY.  
ESTABLISHED A.D. 1841.

Hongkong, 21st August, 1895. [1318]

**The Hongkong Telegraph**

HONGKONG, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 26, 1895.

## NOTES AND COMMENTS.

Our correspondent "Illuminant" asks us to ventilate the question of the price of gas. He points out that there has been of late a tendency among Chinese shopkeepers to adopt gas as an illuminant in place of kerosine oil, the high price of the latter being one of the inducements, and the better light obtained by means of the "Weissbach" and other newly patented burners being another. He claims that any sensible reduction in the price now charged by the Gas Company would result in the almost universal adoption by Chinese shopkeepers and merchants of the gas lamp in preference to any other. This journal has, times without number, urged on the Directorate of the Gas Company the folly of maintaining the present prohibitive rates, and the enormous profits to be obtained by such a reduction of price as would bring gas within the reach of the poorer classes of Chinese shopkeepers. It seems useless to approach them again on the subject. They are utterly benighted and unprogressive. They are making a small but sure profit. They stick to that regardless of any injury or inconvenience they may be putting the community to. We are afraid they can only be roused up by an attack on the public rights and privileges they possess, and by a determined effort to deprive them of those advantages in favour of some more enterprising concern.

In this issue we give the full text of the Special Treaty recently concluded between Russia and Japan, and published immediately after ratification by the Mikado in the Japanese Official Gazette. The new Russian treaty of amity and commerce, which comes into force four years hence, is practically identical with the new Anglo-Japanese treaty, and, according to the *Japan Advertiser*, the treaty consists of 20 articles instead of 22, articles 1 and 2 of the British document, and the article relating to the colonies and foreign possessions is omitted. The terms of the "most favoured nation clause" are quite unconditional, as in the British and Italian treaties. As to the Customs tariff, Japan is, we read, to be allowed to impose duties according to the Japanese statutory tariff on articles imported from Russia, as is the case in respect to the American treaty. But as it is agreed in Article 4 that no higher duty shall be imposed on goods imported from Russia than on the commodities of other countries, Japan is, according to the *Advertiser*, bound not to enforce her statutory tariff on the articles enumerated in the protocol of the British treaty. It is agreed, as in the Italian treaty to adopt a conventional tariff on export commodities of special interest to either of the contracting parties.

Beyond the acquisition of the Island of Formosa the Japanese seem likely to gain but little from their victories over their hereditary foemen, the Chinese. True, they will have, in addition, a large sum of money and a few ships and cannon, but will the money repay them for all their expenditure in the past and for what they have yet to expend in the conquest and settlement of Formosa and in reorganizing and completing their naval and military establishments? Both have to be largely increased, and maintained for all future time at that higher standard.

was sailing a little to the East of Swatow, and was then apparently filling up, and probably moving towards W. or W.S.W.

At 4 p.m. the centre of the typhoon had passed a little South of Swatow, and was moving westward. A strong gale may be expected to blow here to-night unless the centre fills up before the depression reaches the colony.

## LOCAL AND GENERAL.

An experiment in growing camphor trees is likely to be made in Ceylon shortly.

ALL the Jewish houses of business will be closed on Saturday, owing to the 28th being Day of Atonement.

**THE TIMES**, in commenting, on the 26th ultimo, upon Mr. Chamberlain's new colonial policy, declares that it marks a new era in colonial history and should prove of vital interest to British trade.

The fourteenth ordinary general meeting of the shareholders of the Canton Insurance Co. will be held at the offices of Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co. at noon on Saturday, the 27th proximo.

MR. SWETTENHAM, Colonial Secretary of the Straits Settlements, assisted by Mr. Clifford, has published the second volume of his Malay Dictionary. The *Straits Free Press* says the work is now curried to the end of "Ba"!

Owing to the bad weather and the approach of a typhoon, the concert announced to be given at the Mount Austin Hotel to-night, in aid of the Funds of the Alice Memorial Hospital has been postponed until Friday, the 4th proximo.

The *Singapore Free Press* hears that a new company, styled the Perak Milling and Trading Co., Ltd., is about to be formed for cultivating paddy at Bagam Seral, Kurau, and Taiping Plandong. At each of these places a mill will be erected capable of turning out 200,000 tangs of rice per month. It is proposed that the capital of the company shall be \$120,000, or 120 shares of \$1,000 each.

MR. VAN DER PFORDEN, Superintendent Eastern Extension Telegraph Company, arrived at Labuan, says the Resident, per s.s. *Devonshire*, at page 316, speaking of the late war between China and Japan, has written "The present moment is the turning point in our relations with China and it must not be allowed to pass." It has been, alas! allowed to pass without any attempt on our part to utilize the critical moment when China had to sue for peace, for any of the purposes for which Mr. Norman indicated that it could and ought to be made use of. We occupied, and now occupy, the most predominant position in the East. The number of our subjects in China is equal to that of all other foreign powers taken together; our trade with China is represented by a figure four times as great as that which indicates all other foreign trade combined. We have the only fortress and naval station in China, and yet we were utterly unrepresented at the Peace Negotiations! We exercised no influence whatever. We were no more heard or consulted than was Switzerland or Belgium. Russia, France and Germany stepped in, dictated the terms of the Peace, and are reaping all the benefits derivable from the situation.

Henry Norman, in his book "The Far East," at page 316, speaking of the late war between China and Japan, has written "In our relations with China and it must not be allowed to pass." It has been, alas! allowed to pass without any attempt on our part to utilize the critical moment when China had to sue for peace, for any of the purposes for which Mr. Norman indicated that it could and ought to be made use of. We occupied, and now occupy, the most predominant position in the East. The number of our subjects in China is equal to that of all other foreign powers taken together; our trade with China is represented by a figure four times as great as that which indicates all other foreign trade combined. We have the only fortress and naval station in China, and yet we were utterly unrepresented at the Peace Negotiations! We exercised no influence whatever. We were no more heard or consulted than was Switzerland or Belgium. Russia, France and Germany stepped in, dictated the terms of the Peace, and are reaping all the benefits derivable from the situation.

THE Imperial Navy Estimates were laid before Parliament on the 26th ultimo. They provide for an expenditure of £18,701,000, as compared with £17,356, too for the financial year 1894-95. Of this amount it is intended to devote £5,325,642 to ship-building, and £7,300,000 to armament. The Secretary of State for War, the Marquess of Lansdowne, has stated that the Government have accepted the principles of the War Office reforms proposed by the Hartington Commission.

SEVERAL prominent merchants of Tokyo have petitioned their Government to induce the Chinese Government to now open a port in Manchuria in the vicinity of the mouth of the Yalu River, near the China-Korea frontier.

The petitioners point out that Manchuria is a land that abounds in the best products of northern Asia and that trade between it and Japan holds out brilliant prospects.

Newchwang, it is added, is a suitable point for exports from North-west Manchuria but is valueless for the trade in the products of the southern and eastern portion of that vast region.

At the meeting of the Sanitary Board this afternoon it was decided to reply favourably to a proposal made by the Colonial Secretary that the Sanitary Board should take over the management of the Kowloon cattle-markets on the expiration of the present lease. Further, a petition was received from a number of washermen complaining of the severity of the present regulations concerning them, in answer to which the Board recommended that the petitioners be informed that the regulations were not onerous and that no change will be made. We will give a full report of the proceedings to-morrow.

At a regular Convocation of St. Andrew's Chapter, 218, S.C., held on the 23rd instant, the following Office Bearers were elected and installed for the ensuing year:—

M.E.Z. ....	M. E. Comp. McIlwane.
E.H. ....	Millison.
E.J. ....	Wilson.
S.E. ....	Saiford.
S.N. ....	Bridge.
P.S. ....	Lockard.
1st Ass't. ....	McKiley.
2nd Ass't. ....	White.
Treasurer ....	Leathem.
Steward ....	Boothfield.
Chancellor ....	McKenzie.
1st Vice-Chairman ....	King.
Janitor ....	Maxwell.

THE REVOLT AT GOA.

The natives who have now revolted against the Government in Portuguese Timor have defeated the troops, killing three agents. The Governor, with reinforcements, has gone to quell the revolt.

THE TYPHOON.

Senor Joaquin de Navarro, Spanish Consul at this port, has courteously favoured us with a copy of the following telegram received from Manila:—

"BINONDO, September 25th.  
5.36 p.m.

"Observations made in North Luzon seem to indicate that the typhoon is proceeding to the East of Formosa, toward Japan."

"The Hongkong Observatory officials report that at 10.40 this morning the Black Drum, indicating the existence of a typhoon to the East of Formosa, toward Japan."

"The expression to be defrayed from the National Treasury. If these proposals receive endorsement at the union meeting at Nagoya it is intended to at once forward a petition to the Government."

As will be seen by an advertisement published in another column, Mr. Jas. B. Coughtrie has resumed charge here of the China Fire Insurance Company, Ltd.

THE Willard Opera Company closed in the Theatre Royal last evening in "Shop-Girl," a large audience assembling to see their farewell performance. All the parts of this laughable comedy were well filled, and at the fall of the curtain the cheers and wishes for a prosperous tour were loud and long-continued. The Company left to-day for Singapore, where they are to open on the 2nd ultima.

THE *Snow Observatory* learns that Mr. Moulton, the superintendent of the Holt Line, and Capt. Dunning, of the steamer *Rapido*, have arrived at a settlement with regard to the question of damages to the ship, stores, etc., of the latter vessel owing to the recent collision with the *Gorgon* near Bangkok bay. The amount of damages to the ship has been fixed at £29,050, and for stores, effects of master, etc., etc. £1,000. The damage to the cargo is to be settled hereafter at the offices of the Holt Line in Liverpool.

The *Snow Observatory* learns that Mr. Moulton, the superintendent of the Holt Line, and Capt. Dunning, of the steamer *Rapido*, have arrived at a settlement with regard to the question

# THE HONGKONG TELEGRAPH, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 26, 1895.

## NORTH BORNEO NOTES.

SANDAKAN, September 1st.—Mease, Mapfield & Co. furnish the following note of tobacco exported (1894 crop) during this year, the whole of which was carried to Europe by "Blue Funnel" steamers—

Kinabatangan, 2,175 bales against 2,175 (1893 crop).  
Darvel Bay, 1,058 bales against 866 (1893 crop).  
Total, 3,233 bales against 3,042 (1893 crop).

The above 3,233 were shipped to Amsterdam, and 629 were shipped to Rotterdam.

A curious mode of reckoning time was noticed recently in the local Court when a question arose as to the different periods signified by (a), (b) and (c) the sailing of a boat, (a) the casting of a mast, and (c) the mastication of a gourd of sifra.

The Government is endeavouring to attract natives to that part of the country which is traversed by the telegraph line, and the officials in the interior particularly are to use every endeavour to persuade the people to remove for that purpose. No one will risk removal without a supply of willing labour to keep the line itself in order, but it will bring many, it is hoped, from regions inaccessible to Government officers, to places which will be easily and constantly visited.

The first annual general meeting of a local Company, the Sabah Steamship Co., was held on the 2nd ult., at Sandakan. The accounts show a net profit of \$13,415 on a capital of \$60,000. The Directors have at once formed a reserve fund, whilst shareholders have a return of 10 per cent. after a year's working.—N.E. Herald.

## LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

### SUPREME COURT.

September 26th.

### FIXTURES.

The following is the calendar for to-morrow:—

819.—Taranchand Thawadas & Co. v. Navoomi Kallamal. 123:14  
1305.—Chia Shing Yew v. Wong Ke Sheung. 235:18  
1641.—Lo Sui Tong v. Chou Tat Shun 431:00  
1712.—Watkins & Co. v. J. L. de Cruz 5:18  
1714.—The Daily Farm v. J. B. Grimes 4:07  
1715.—Abdool Careem v. Akis Khan. 5:33  
1717.—Chee San Kwong v. Cheong Kam Tj and others. 200:00  
1720.—W. E. van Eps v. C. Gornell. 300:00  
1731.—Gian Sleigh v. S. A. Ramjan and others. 45:00  
1743.—Col. Treasurer v. Ip Pak Kit and others. 23:05  
1746.—Col. Treasurer v. Fok Hol Kwei 2:16  
1748.—do San Kwong II 6:16  
1751.—do Sia Li Cheung 6:16  
1753.—do Hop Yik. 6:16  
1754.—do Ng Shiu Kee 8:20  
1755.—Li Po Shang v. Tai Sui Foo. 248:72  
1757.—San Heung Chuen v. Ho Hing 670:00  
1761.—Sunder Singh v. Peer Bux. 581:00  
1762.—Leung For v. Reginald Isbell. 70:00  
1763.—Leung Tak v. Lam Tan Chin. 95:00  
1765.—Lai Lai Ting v. Lo Ngok Wa. 12:50  
1766.—Dakin Crickshank & Co. v. Noor Mohamed. 74:68  
1768.—Leung Hong v. Li Ming Hok. 22:00

### AFRICAN AFFAIRS.

It is a far cry from this "Malta and Gibraltar of the East" to the Congo Free State in the heart of Africa, yet the course of events in that country are not without interest to us, seeing that there are large markets in that vast continent which hold out encouraging prospects to British merchants—markets badly needed for the expansion of our commerce. Of late the English "dailies," and some "monthlies" too, have been devoting a good deal of time and space to African affairs, of which the execution of Stokes and the offensive meddlesomeness of Belgian and Boer magnates appear to be the main causes. Certain it is, however, that whatever the cause the British Government and many of the leading merchants of London are evincing more interest in Africa than for a very long time past and it therefore behoves us to take some notice, however brief, of what is transpiring in that far-distant region, for there is no knowing what the morrow may bring forth in the age of surprises and rapid progress. In the first place, then, let us see what the *Mall and Express* has to say about

THE EXECUTION OF STOKES.

It sets forth the rights and wrongs of the affair as follows:—

With regard to the statement that Captain Latouche, who succeeded Baron Dhanis in the command of the Belgian forces on the Upper Congo, was about to make an immediate advance on the Dervishes, Reuter's Agency learns that the statement is absolutely untrue, and that the position of the Belgian troops is as follows: According to the latest advice, Captain Latouche, a young Belgian under 20 years of age, whose headquarters are at Stanley Falls, and who, therefore, is never likely to come into collision with the Mahdi's, is simply exploring the district between his headquarters and Lake Albert Edward and it was in this district, that he hanged the British trader Stoke. It will thus be seen that the Belgian Commander has not even yet reached the leased territory north of which the Mahdi's are in force. It is, moreover, regarded as most unlikely that so large an undertaking, as a general advance against the Khalifa would be made while Baron Dhanis was in Europe. It is also certain that any massing of Belgian troops is only at present being carried out in the Congo territory proper, and there is no information that Belgian soldiers are in the leased territories in any great force. It must be remembered that any Mahdi's who come into conflict with the Congo troops are only outposts, consisting of raiding parties and natives commanded by a few Arab fanatics. The Belgians are not advancing to the north; they are merely defending their present positions, and in so doing encounter small raiding parties. Great indignation is felt in African circles, and by persons knowing the circumstances of the trader Stoke's position in Africa, at his summary execution by the Belgians. It is felt that the incident may give rise to an international question, and it is even stated that the visit of King Leopold II to London last week was not unconnected with the matter. Apart from the international question involved, it is pointed out that the hanging of a white man in Africa seriously lowers the position of Europeans in the eyes of the natives, and that had Stokes been guilty of the charge brought against him, the clear duty of the Belgian officer was to send him for trial to Bonn, the capital of the Free State, and the judicial centre of the country. But this was not done.

NEW MARKETS AND ROUTES.

New markets in Africa is the note which underlies Captain Legard's paper on "Routes in Africa" in the *National Review*. Captain Legard deals especially with the Victoria-Mount Mac, which will open up Uganda and the

rich plains of the Massai valley to English trade and colonists. And the reason of his renewed advocacy of this line is the necessity of refusing the absurd suggestion that the best route to Uganda is by the waterway of the Zambezi, Shire, and Central African lakes. This route would necessitate breaking bulk something like nine times on the journey from the Zambezi to the Victoria Nyanza, and though it is right that the Lakes route should be opened up, the commercial waters of the Zambezi, Shire, and Kikuyu, which are among the very few places in tropical Africa which appear to fulfil all the conditions essential to a successful white colony, as China, the superior mental ability most of them inherit from their fathers, coupled with the superior education they have at their command, enables them, in the majority of cases, to rise to positions which China, starting from the same level, cannot hope to obtain. For the few worthless ones—there are black sheep in every flock—to be pointed to as unfortunates, and made an excuse for agitation, is unfair to all classes of the community.

The presence of the class is in many cases a misfortune to the community, but there is less excuse for stirring up the virulent underlying cause in the case of Eurasians in China than in most parts of the world, and "Eurasian" will find that if he will individually so conduct himself as to command respect from either Chinese or foreigners, it will be accorded him in Hongkong or any other part of the Far East far sooner and more certainly than he can hope; will be the case through any amount of "combination" and association.

Thanking you in anticipation, I beg to remain, Yours, etc.

COSMOPOLITAN.

Hongkong, September 26th, 1895.

### THE RUSSO-JAPANESE TREATY.

We are indebted to the *Japan Advertiser* for the following translation of a special treaty which has been concluded between Japan and Russia (as an addition to the treaty of Commerce and Navigation proper), and the protocol thereto attached:—

Art. I.—It is agreed by the contracting parties that, in view of the fact that the commercial relations between Sweden and Norway, and the countries adjoining the frontier of Asiatic Russia and Russia, are governed by special Regulations controlling the frontier trade, which regulations are quite independent of those applicable to the general foreign trade of Russia, therefore, the special stipulations contained in the treaty concluded in 1858 between Russia and Sweden and Norway and the stipulations relating to the trade with countries on the frontier of Asiatic Russia, cannot under any circumstances be quoted as grounds for altering the terms of commerce and navigation agreed upon by the two contracting parties.

Art. II.—It is understood by the undersigned that the undermentioned exemptions from duty, immunities and other privileges shall not be considered as detrimental to the working of the reciprocal principles of the principal Treaty between the two countries.

On the part of Japan—the patents on various articles which the Japanese Government may enjoy in future.

On the part of Russia:—

1.—The exemption of trade tax for three years after being built; on all vessels built in Russia and owned by subjects of Russia.

2.—Privileges granted to the inhabitants of the coast of Arcanaria (?) for importing salted or dried fish and certain classes of fish either duty free or with reduced duty, and also exporting, under similar conditions, wheat, barley, rope, cordage for rigging, tar and Rapan duck (?).

3.—Immunities granted to the society of sportsmen known as the Sporting Ship Club, in Russia.

4.—Patents on various articles, which may be enjoyed by the Russian Government in future.

Art. III.—This special treaty is equally binding as it is included in the body of the principal Treaty signed this day, and is to be ratified, and ratifications shall be exchanged together with those of the principal Treaty.

In witness whereof the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed the same, on June 8th 1895.

(Sig.) NISHI TOKUJIRO.  
(") PRINCE LOBANCFF ROSTOWSKI.  
(") SERGE WITTE (?).

### THE PROTOCOL:

The protocol attached to the new treaty with Russia is much simpler than those annexed to the British and Italian treaties. The stipulation relating to the extension of the existing passport system for the travel of foreigners in the interior of Japan is omitted in the Russian protocol, and some differences exist in other matters. The following is its full text:—

The Government of His Majesty the Emperor of Japan and the Government of His Majesty the Emperor of Russia, deeming it advisable in the interests of both countries to regulate certain special matters of mutual concern, apart from the Treaty of Commerce and Navigation signed this day, have, through their respective Plenipotentiaries, agreed upon the following stipulations:—

1.—It is agreed by the contracting parties that one month after the exchange of ratifications of the Treaty of Commerce and Navigation signed this day, the import tariff at present in force in Japan shall become void on the commodities imported into Japan by Russian subjects, and that thereafter the Statutory Tariff then in force shall, subject to the provisions of article XVII of the Treaty of 1858, subsisting between the Contracting Parties as long as the said Treaty remains in force, and on the said Treaty of 1858 becoming void, subject to the provisions of Article IV of the Treaty signed this day, be applicable to the produce and manufactures of the dominion of His Majesty the Emperor of Russia imported into Japan. But nothing contained in this protocol shall be held to limit or qualify the right of the Japanese Government to restrict or prohibit the importation of adulterated drugs, medicines, food or beverages (indirect or obscene prints, paintings, books, cards, lithographs or other engravings, photographs or any other indecent or obscene article in violation of patent, trade-mark or copyright laws of Japan) or any other article which, for sanitary reasons, or in view of public security or moral, might offer any danger.

2.—It is agreed by the contracting parties that, should the most favored nation principle guaranteed by the Treaty signed this day, and this Protocol, in regard to the Customs Tariff, be proved unsatisfactory in its operation, a conventional tariff may be adopted for export commodities of special interest to either of the contracting parties.

3.—It is understood between the two contracting parties that negotiations shall be opened without delay to conclude a treaty which is to be based on reciprocal principles in regard to the importation of salted or dried fish.

4.—The Japanese Government agrees, before the cessation of Russian Consular jurisdiction in Japan, to conclude an agreement with the Russian Government for the protection of Industrial or Commercial Property belonging to Russian subjects in Japan.

5.—The undermentioned Plenipotentiaries have agreed that this Protocol shall be submitted to the two high contracting parties at the same time as the Treaty of Commerce and Navigation

signed this day, and that when the said Treaty is ratified the agreements contained herein shall also be considered as approved, without the necessity of further formal ratification. It is also agreed that this Protocol shall terminate at the same time the said Treaty ceases to be binding.

In witness whereof the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed the same and affixed thereto their seals. Done at St. Petersburg on June 8th, 1895.

(Sig.) NISHI TOKUJIRO.

(") PRINCE LOBANCFF ROSTOWSKI.

(") SERGE WITTE.

In connection with the treaty itself, the following declaration was signed by the Plenipotentiaries of the two countries:—

ST. PETERSBURG, June 8th, 1895.

The undersigned hereby declare that article XVIII of the Treaty signed this day is entirely independent of the treaty agreed to on April 25th, 1875, between His Majesty the Emperor of Japan and His Majesty the Emperor of Russia, and of the supplement thereto signed at Tokyo on August 10th of the same year; and the said two conventions remain in force.

(Sig.) NISHI TOKUJIRO.

(") PRINCE LOBANCFF ROSTOWSKI.

(") SERGE WITTE.

In connection with the treaty itself, the following declaration was signed by the Plenipotentiaries of the two countries:—

ST. PETERSBURG, June 8th, 1895.

The undersigned hereby declare that article XVIII of the Treaty signed this day is entirely independent of the treaty agreed to on April 25th, 1875, between His Majesty the Emperor of Japan and His Majesty the Emperor of Russia, and of the supplement thereto signed at Tokyo on August 10th of the same year; and the said two conventions remain in force.

(Sig.) NISHI TOKUJIRO.

(") PRINCE LOBANCFF ROSTOWSKI.

(") SERGE WITTE.

In connection with the treaty itself, the following declaration was signed by the Plenipotentiaries of the two countries:—

ST. PETERSBURG, June 8th, 1895.

The undersigned hereby declare that article XVIII of the Treaty signed this day is entirely independent of the treaty agreed to on April 25th, 1875, between His Majesty the Emperor of Japan and His Majesty the Emperor of Russia, and of the supplement thereto signed at Tokyo on August 10th of the same year; and the said two conventions remain in force.

(Sig.) NISHI TOKUJIRO.

(") PRINCE LOBANCFF ROSTOWSKI.

(") SERGE WITTE.

In connection with the treaty itself, the following declaration was signed by the Plenipotentiaries of the two countries:—

ST. PETERSBURG, June 8th, 1895.

The undersigned hereby declare that article XVIII of the Treaty signed this day is entirely independent of the treaty agreed to on April 25th, 1875, between His Majesty the Emperor of Japan and His Majesty the Emperor of Russia, and of the supplement thereto signed at Tokyo on August 10th of the same year; and the said two conventions remain in force.

(Sig.) NISHI TOKUJIRO.

(") PRINCE LOBANCFF ROSTOWSKI.

(") SERGE WITTE.

In connection with the treaty itself, the following declaration was signed by the Plenipotentiaries of the two countries:—

ST. PETERSBURG, June 8th, 1895.

The undersigned hereby declare that article XVIII of the Treaty signed this day is entirely independent of the treaty agreed to on April 25th, 1875, between His Majesty the Emperor of Japan and His Majesty the Emperor of Russia, and of the supplement thereto signed at Tokyo on August 10th of the same year; and the said two conventions remain in force.

(Sig.) NISHI TOKUJIRO.

(") PRINCE LOBANCFF ROSTOWSKI.

(") SERGE WITTE.

In connection with the treaty itself, the following declaration was signed by the Plenipotentiaries of the two countries:—

ST. PETERSBURG, June 8th, 1895.

The undersigned hereby declare that article XVIII of the Treaty signed this day is entirely independent of the treaty agreed to on April 25th, 1875, between His Majesty the Emperor of Japan and His Majesty the Emperor of Russia, and of the supplement thereto signed at Tokyo on August 10th of the same year; and the said two conventions remain in force.

(Sig.) NISHI TOKUJIRO.

(") PRINCE LOBANCFF ROSTOWSKI.

(") SERGE WITTE.

In connection with the treaty itself, the following declaration was signed by the Plenipotentiaries of the two countries:—

ST. PETERSBURG, June 8th, 1895.

The undersigned hereby declare that article XVIII of the Treaty signed this day is entirely independent of the treaty agreed to on April 25th, 1875, between His Majesty the Emperor of Japan and His Majesty the Emperor of Russia, and of the supplement thereto signed at Tokyo on August 10th of the same year; and the said two conventions remain in force.

(Sig.) NISHI TOKUJIRO.

(") PRINCE LOBANCFF ROSTOWSKI.

(") SERGE WITTE.

In connection with the treaty itself, the following declaration was signed by the Plenipotentiaries of the two countries:—

ST. PETERSBURG, June 8th, 1895.

The undersigned hereby declare

Auctions.

GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATION.  
BUILDING MATERIAL FOR SALE.  
IT is hereby notified that the BUILDING MATERIAL contained in and comprising certain Houses within the RESUMED AREA of TAIPINGSHAN will be put up to Sale, at Public Auction TO-MORROW, the 27th instant, at 3 o'clock in the Afternoon.  
The Sale will take place at the junction of LADDER STREET with SQUARE STREET.  
For Particulars apply at the PUBLIC WORKS OFFICE.  
By Command,  
J. H. STEWART LOCKHART,  
Colonial Secretary.  
Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Hongkong, 20th September, 1895. [1301]

PUBLIC AUCTION  
OF  
DRAPERY AND OUTFITTING.

THE Undersigned has received instructions to Sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, ON SATURDAY, the 26th September, 1895, commencing at 2.30 P.M., at his SALE ROOMS, DUDDELL STREET, A LARGE QUANTITY OF GENTLEMEN'S DRAPERY AND OUTFITTING, comprising:-

ATL WOOL MATERIAL for AUTUMN and WINTER WEAR cut into Suitable Lengths, such as TWEEPS, MILTONS, COATINGS, SILK and WOOL TROUSERS, BLACK and BLUE SPONGE TENNIS FLANNEL, WHITE SHIRTS, PYJAMAS, FLANNEL SOCKS, &c., &c.

*Also*

A QUANTITY OF LADIES' DRAPERY,

comprising:- FINE WOOL MATERIALS for TAILOR-MADE DRESSES in Proper Lengths, DRESS MATERIALS for AUTUMN WEAR, WOOLEN EMBROIDERED ROBES, FANCY TUSSORE and other SILKS, GAUZE FLANNEL.

*And*

A QUANTITY OF OTHER G.O.D.S., On View from FRIDAY, the 25th September. TERMS OF SALE:- As customary.  
GEO. P. LAMMERT,  
Auctioneer.  
Hongkong, 24th September, 1895. [1302]

GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATION.

THE following Particulars and Conditions of Sale of Crown Land by Public Auction to be held on the spot, on MONDAY, the 20th day of September, 1895, at 3 P.M., are published for general information.

By Command,  
J. H. STEWART LOCKHART,  
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Hongkong, 14th September, 1895. [1294]

Particulars and Conditions of the letting by Public Auction Sale, to be held on Monday, the 30th day of September, 1895, at 3 P.M., by Order of His Excellency the Governor, of One Lot of CROWN LAND, at Shaukiwan Road, (West of Market), in the Colony of Hongkong, for a term of 75 years.

PARTICULARS OF THE LOT.

No. 655.	Locality	Boundary Measurements.	Contents in Square feet.	Annual Rent.	Upkeep.
Rocky No.	ft. ft. ft. ft.	ft. ft. ft. ft.	\$	\$	\$
Shaukiwan Road, Island (West of Market),	100	100	170	170	17,000
Total	100	100	170	170	17,000

To be Let.

TO LET:

TWO SMALL OFFICES in VICTORIA BUILDING, No. 4 OLD BAILEY STREET, Six Roomed Dwelling House. Apply to DAVID SASSOON, SONS & CO. Hongkong, 14th August, 1895. [726]

TO LET:

N. 2, DUDDELL STREET. Apply to LINSTEAD & DAVIS, Hongkong, 16th September, 1895. [1234]

TO LET:

DWELLING HOUSES in RIPPON TERRACE, TOP FLOOR of No. 4, BLDG. NO. 2, KNUTSFORD TERRACE, KOWLOON. "LAKSPUR" UPPER, RICHMOND ROAD, 7 Roomed Detached House, with Garden and Lawn Tennis Court, FURNISHED or UNFURNISHED.

OFFICES: FIRST FLOOR, No. 7, PRAYA CENTRAL, lately occupied by MESSRS. HOLLOWAY, WIRE CO. Apply to THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY CO., LTD. Hongkong, 19th September, 1895. [17]

DENTISTRY.

FIRST CLASS WORKMANSHIP AND MODERATE FEES.

M. R. WONG-TAI-YONG, Surgeon-Dentist, formerly articled Apprentice, and latterly assistant to Dr. Rocke, HAS REMOVED TO THE BANK BUILDINGS, Queen's ROAD, (Opposite Hongkong Hotel). CONSULTATION FREE. Hongkong, 27th July, 1895. [74]

S. H. N. T. I. N. G., SURGEON-DENTIST, NO. 10, D'AGUILAR-STREET. TERMS VERY MODERATE. Consultation free. Hongkong, 27th September, 1895. [264]

Intimations.

ENJOY IMMUNITY from much Sickness and Suffering by having all your Drinking and Cooking Water Filtered through THE

**BERKEFELD**

**FILTER**

AND GERM PROOF FILTERING FILMS. Write for Opinions of the Press, Medical Experts and Patients.

SIMPLE, EFFICIENT, RAPID & EASILY CLEANED.

**WATKINS & CO.**  
SOLE AGENTS,  
51 APOTHECARIES' HALL, 66, Queen's Road Central.

**THE CLUB HOTEL,**  
5, BUND, YOKOHAMA.

**HOTEL METROPOLE,**  
1, TSUJII, TOKYO.

FIRST-CLASS HOTELS centrally situated, well-furnished, the Cuisine under the Supervision of approved French Chef has no equal. ENTIRE FOREIGN MANAGEMENT.

The Hotel steam-launch with European Agent attends arrivals and departures; every assistance given in clearing luggage and affording information. Passengers are met at the Railway Station.

VISITORS have the option of staying either in TOKYO or YOKOHAMA, without extra charge. THE ONLY HOTEL OFFERING SUCH AN ADVANTAGE. EUROPEAN HAIR DRESSER on the Premises.

Certified Doctors are in attendance at both Hotels.

**THE CLUB HOTEL COMPANY, LIMITED, PROPRIETORS.**  
C. T. BENNEY, Manager, YOKOHAMA.

**G. FALCONER & CO.,**  
WATCH & CHRONOMETER MANUFACTURERS & JEWELLERS, NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS, CHARTS AND BOOKS. No. 48, Queen's Road Central. [749]

**CHS. J. GAUPP & CO.,** CHRONOMETER, WATCH, and CLOCK MAKERS, JEWELLERS, SILVER-SMITHS, and OPTICIANS. CHARTS and BOOKS, NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS. Sole Agents for Louis Audemars' Watches awarded the highest Prize at every Exhibition; and for Voigtlander and Son's CELEBRATED OPERA GLASSES, MARINE GLASSES and SPYGLASSES. No. 8, Queen's Road Central. [753]

**LEVY HERMANOS.** AND AT SHANGHAI, MANILA, ILOILO and PARIS.

JEWELLERY, DIAMONDS, WATCH, CHRONOMETER & CLOCKMAKERS. ALSO GENERAL IMPORT & EXPORT. 10, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, Opposite the Telegraph Office. [943]

**NOTICE!**

NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR DEBTS.

Neither the CAPTAIN, the AGENT, nor the OWNERS, will be RESPONSIBLE for any DEBT contracted by the Officers or members of the Crews of the following Vessels during their stay in Hongkong Harbour:-

ADAM W. SPINS, Amer. bk, Capt. Field—Order. CAMBODIA, Brit. str., Capt. Macdonald—Welds & Co.

CASSIUS, Ger. str., Capt. Unruh—Lauts, Wegener & Co.

CATHEDRAL, Brit. str., Capt. Oliffent—D. Sasecon, Sons & Co.

ENGELHORN, Brit. str., Capt. Shimmons—Standard Oil Co.

FRED. P. LITCHFIELD, Amer. bk, Capt. Chadbrough—Master.

LYNDHURST, Brit. 4-m. ship, Capt. Martin-Gibb, Livingston & Co.

**FUJIYA HOTEL,** MIYANOSHITA, HAKONE. Four and a half hours from Yokohama.

**FIRST-CLASS ACCOMMODATION, NATURAL HOT SPRINGS.**

THE ELECTRIC LIGHT IN ALL THE BUILDINGS.

TWO ENGLISH BILLIARD TABLES.

EXCELLENT CUISINE.

SPECIAL RATES MADE FOR A PROLONGED STAY.

S. N. YAMAGUCHI, Proprietor. [1051]

**THOMAS' GRILL ROOMS,** No. 2, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

I AM happy to inform my PATRONS that in connection with the GRILL ROOM, I have secured the 1st FLOOR recently occupied by the CHINA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY (above the present GRILL ROOM) and have fitted it up for

LADIES' DINING ROOMS, with all conveniences attached. I am also now prepared to serve

DINNERS, TIFFINS AND SUPPERS to Parties when Ordered distinct from the ordinary GRILL ROOM.

DAILY NEWSPAPERS AND PERIODICALS. Hongkong, 30th April, 1895. [1581]

J. DENIS, HENRY MOUNIE & CO. COGNAC. ESTABLISHED 1838.

TRADE MARK. Liqueur Henricus.

BRANDY OF EXCEPTIONAL PURITY AND EXCELLENCE.

Proprietors of large Vineyards and Distilleries.

Apply to PIERRE MARTY, Esq., Hongkong. M. OPPENHEIMER & Co., Paris, Agents.

**A CURE FOR ASTHMA!!**

GRIMAULT'S INDIAN CIGARETTES

Asthmatic people who suffer from oppression in breathing, stifling sensations, Hoarseness, and Loss of voice, nervous coughs, Laryngitis, Colds, with Wheezing, Bronchitis, Insomnia, Catarrhal affections, and difficulty in Expectoration, are promptly relieved by these Cigarettes.

GRIMAULT & CO., Paris, sold by Chemists.

**GRIMAULT'S Matico Capsules AND INJECTION**

Honoured Physicians prescribe Grimault's Matico as the most active and efficacious remedy in the treatment of Asthma and Chronic Diseases. These Capsules and Chronic Discharges. These Capsules, unlike Quinine, have lost the inconvenience of producing Nausea.

MATICO INJECTION is used in recent

MATICO CAPSULES in the chronic cases

GRIMAULT & Co., Paris, sold by Chemists.

**GRIMAULT'S Matico Capsules AND INJECTION**

Honoured Physicians prescribe Grimault's Matico as the most active and efficacious remedy in the treatment of Asthma and Chronic Diseases. These Capsules and Chronic Discharges. These Capsules, unlike Quinine, have lost the inconvenience of producing Nausea.

MATICO INJECTION is used in recent

MATICO CAPSULES in the chronic cases

GRIMAULT & Co., Paris, sold by Chemists.

**GRIMAULT'S Matico Capsules AND INJECTION**

Honoured Physicians prescribe Grimault's Matico as the most active and efficacious remedy in the treatment of Asthma and Chronic Diseases. These Capsules and Chronic Discharges. These Capsules, unlike Quinine, have lost the inconvenience of producing Nausea.

MATICO INJECTION is used in recent

MATICO CAPSULES in the chronic cases

GRIMAULT & Co., Paris, sold by Chemists.

**GRIMAULT'S Matico Capsules AND INJECTION**

Honoured Physicians prescribe Grimault's Matico as the most active and efficacious remedy in the treatment of Asthma and Chronic Diseases. These Capsules and Chronic Discharges. These Capsules, unlike Quinine, have lost the inconvenience of producing Nausea.

MATICO INJECTION is used in recent

MATICO CAPSULES in the chronic cases

GRIMAULT & Co., Paris, sold by Chemists.

**GRIMAULT'S Matico Capsules AND INJECTION**

Honoured Physicians prescribe Grimault's Matico as the most active and efficacious remedy in the treatment of Asthma and Chronic Diseases. These Capsules and Chronic Discharges. These Capsules, unlike Quinine, have lost the inconvenience of producing Nausea.

MATICO INJECTION is used in recent

MATICO CAPSULES in the chronic cases

GRIMAULT & Co., Paris, sold by Chemists.

**GRIMAULT'S Matico Capsules AND INJECTION**

Honoured Physicians prescribe Grimault's Matico as the most active and efficacious remedy in the treatment of Asthma and Chronic Diseases. These Capsules and Chronic Discharges. These Capsules, unlike Quinine, have lost the inconvenience of producing Nausea.

MATICO INJECTION is used in recent

MATICO CAPSULES in the chronic cases

GRIMAULT & Co., Paris, sold by Chemists.

**GRIMAULT'S Matico Capsules AND INJECTION**

Honoured Physicians prescribe Grimault's Matico as the most active and efficacious remedy in the treatment of Asthma and Chronic Diseases. These Capsules and Chronic Discharges. These Capsules, unlike Quinine, have lost the inconvenience of producing Nausea.

MATICO INJECTION is used in recent

MATICO CAPSULES in the chronic cases

GRIMAULT & Co., Paris, sold by Chemists.

**GRIMAULT'S Matico Capsules AND INJECTION**

Honoured Physicians prescribe Grimault's Matico as the most active and efficacious remedy in the treatment of Asthma and Chronic Diseases. These Capsules and Chronic Discharges. These Capsules, unlike Quinine, have lost the inconvenience of producing Nausea.

MATICO INJECTION is used in recent

MATICO CAPSULES in the chronic cases

GRIMAULT & Co., Paris, sold by Chemists.

**GRIMAULT'S Matico Capsules AND INJECTION**